## **ABSTRACT**

## A compound of Formula (I):

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^1 \\
\hline
NH \\
R^2
\end{array}$$
(I)

or a salt or solvate thereof,

## wherein R<sup>1</sup> represents

a phenyl or napthyl group, each of which is substituted by one or more substituents independently selected from –OH, -C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>haloalkyl, -OCH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>3</sub>, -C<sub>1-6</sub>alkoxy, and -halogen, or

a mono or bicyclic heteroaryl group comprising 1, 2 or 3 nitrogen atoms, optionally substituted by  $-C_{1-6}$ alkoxy,  $-C_{1-6}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-6}$ haloalkyl or =0;  $\mathbb{R}^2$  represents

H, benzimidazolyl, benzothiazolyl, piperonyl, isoquinolinyl, quinolinyl, or

phenyl wherein said phenyl is\_optionally substituted by -NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>, -C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, -C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, -CONR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>, -SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>, -NHCONR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>, -NHCOC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, -C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, -C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, phenoxy, NH<sub>2</sub> substituted phenoxy, -C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, -C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy, -CF<sub>3</sub>, or -5 membered heteroaryl group comprising one or two nitrogen atoms;

R³ and R⁴ are independently selected from H, -C₁-6alkyl, -C₁-3alkylNR⁵R⁶; and

R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> are independently H or C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl.